# **"Biological Bases of Age-Related Hearing Loss"**

**Robert D. Frisina, PhD Professor and Assoc. Chair** 

Otolaryngology Department University of Rochester Medical School, International Center for Hearing & Speech Research National Technical Institute for the Deaf **Morning Session: Presbycusis – What Goes Wrong in the Ear and Brain?** 

- Why don't hearing aids work with many aged listeners?
- Is it all about hair cell loss? No, but...
- Timing is everything! –
- Feedback loop from the brain to the ear declines, starting in middle age
- Promising bioengineering avenues for prevention and therapeutics!

# **Gene Expression Experiment: The Central Theme**

Transcription Translation  $DNA \xrightarrow{\uparrow} mRNA \xrightarrow{\uparrow} Protein$ 

- The arrows represent the transfer or flow of information.
- DNA and RNA store information in a base-4 code (the four nucleotides).
- Proteins store information in a base-20 code (the 20 amino acids).

# **Experimental Design For GeneChip Study**

Hypothesis: Gene expression changes in the ear and the brain occur in presbycusis

• Animal Model: CBA Mice – slow progressive hearing loss

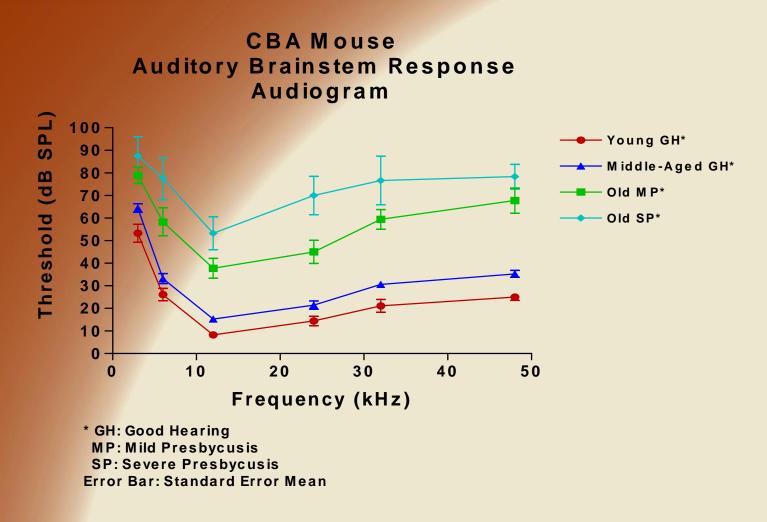
 Tissue : Cochlear and inferior colliculus (auditory midbrain) RNA samples from individual mice on *individual microarrays*

 Investigative Tool: Affymetrix GeneChip, one chip analyzes 22,600 gene probes for each sample, from each mouse

 Project Strengths: Number of replicates, N=80, strengthened the statistical analysis. One chip-one mouse allows exploration of the biological phenotype variance from mouse to mouse.

# Presbycusis Microarray -Animal Subject Group Details

Groups of Mice	No. of Mice	No. of Chips, 1 chip/ mouse	Age - Months	Gender
Young Control	9	9	3.5 ± 0.4	Male=5 Female=4
Middle aged Good Hearing	17	17	12.3 ± 1.5	Male=8 Female=9
Old - Mild Presbycusis	9	9	27.7 ± 3.4	Male=4 Female=5
Old - Severe Presbycusis	6	6	30.6 ± 1.9	Male=2 Female=4



Auditory Brainstem Response (ABR) recordings for the CBA mice in the microarray experiments.

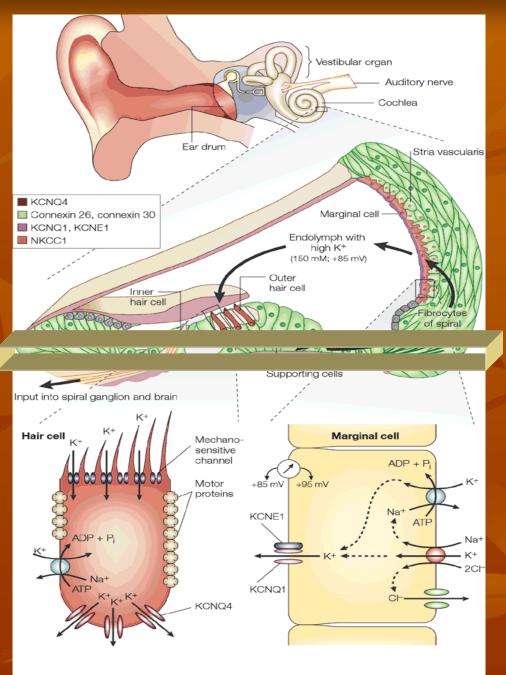
-Young adult and middle aged mice show good hearing

- Whereas the auditory sensitivity declined in old age.

-Note that the largest change was from the middle aged to the old presbycusis groups.

Functional Anatomy and Ion Channel Exchange in the Mammalian Inner Ear – Cochlear Tissue

<u>For Gene Arrays</u> -Organ of Corti -Lateral Wall

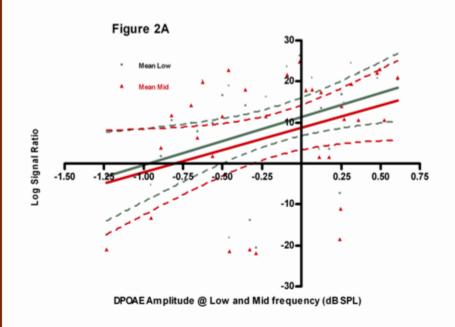


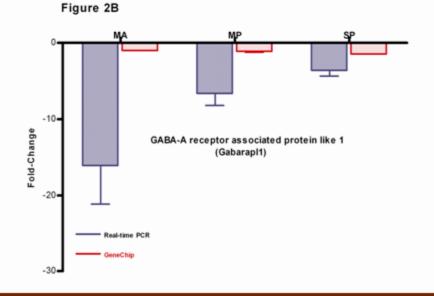
## Gene Microarray Findings

<u>GABA</u> – Important Inhibitory Neurotransmitter of the Efferent Feedback System from the Central Auditory System to the Cochlea:

Key Cochlear GABA Receptor Declines with Age – Starting in Middle age, like the Efferent System

<u>From</u>: D'Souza et al., *J. Neuroscience Methods*, 2008





Cochlear Apoptotic Pathways Show Up-Regulation with Age and Hearing loss

Apoptosis – Programmed Cell Death

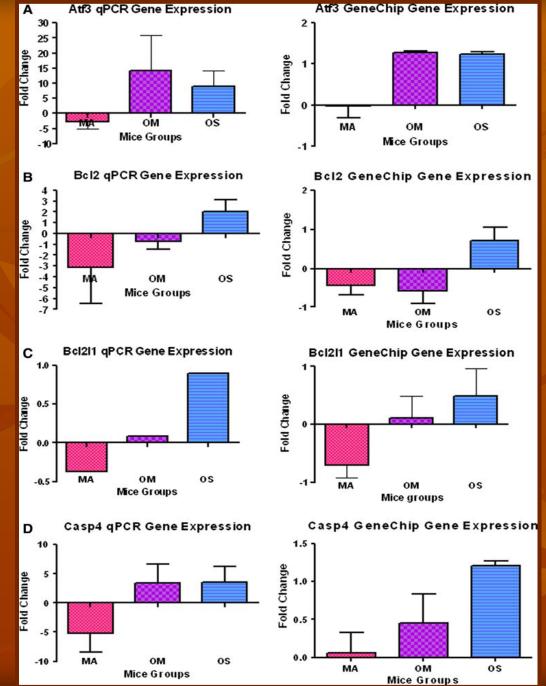
<u>Atf3</u> - activating transcription factor3

Bcl2 - B-cell leukemia/lymphoma2

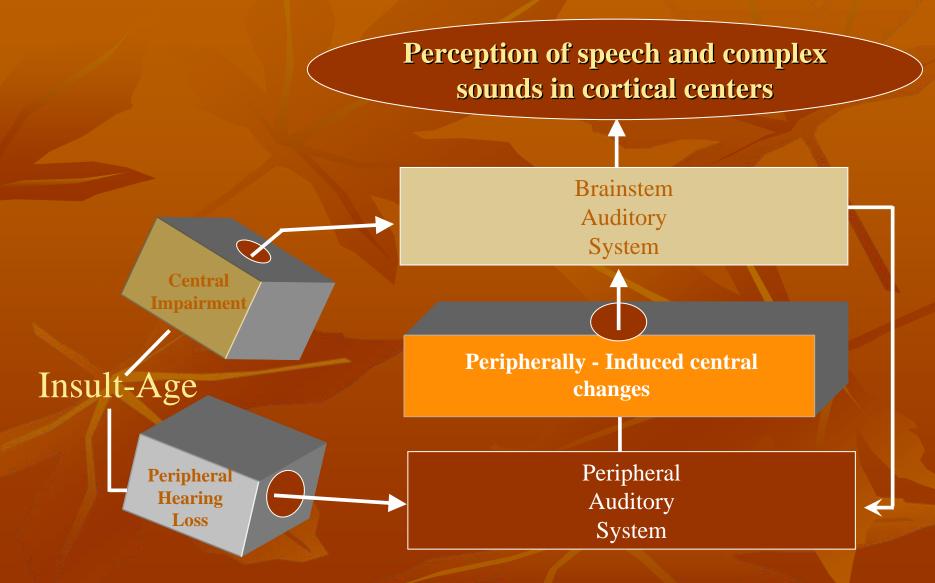
<u>Bcl2l1</u> - Bcl2-like1

<u>Casp4</u> - caspase4 apoptosis-related cysteine protease 4

From: Tadros et al., Apoptosis, 2008



### Summary of Central Auditory System Changes with Age



From: Frisina et al., Functional Neurobiology of Aging, 2001

### Glutamate – The Primary Excitatory Neurotransmitter of the Auditory System

Pycs plays a role in converting glutamate to proline

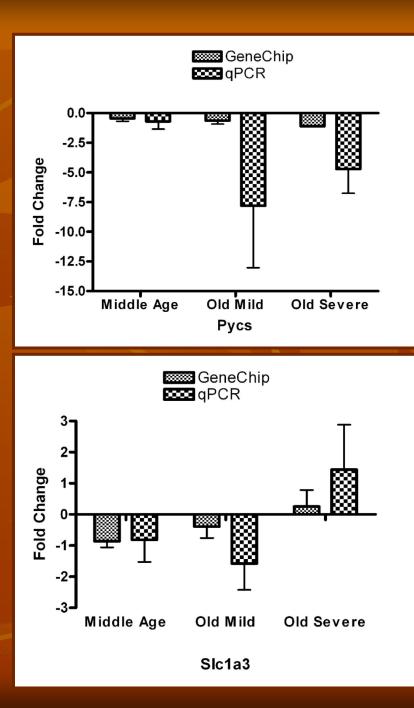
- Its deficiency in old age may lead to:

- Glutamate increases and proline deficiencies in the auditory midbrain

- Playing a role in the subsequent inducement of glutamate toxicity and loss of proline neuroprotective effects

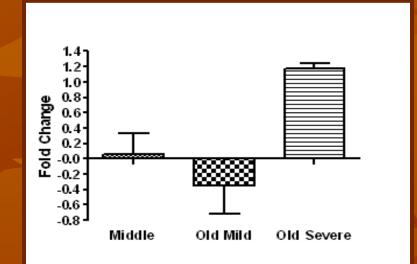
Slc1a3 is a glutamate transporter
Gene expression changes with age and hearing loss may reflect a cellular compensatory mechanism to protect against age-related glutamate or calcium excitoxicity

From: Tadros et al., Brain Research, 2007



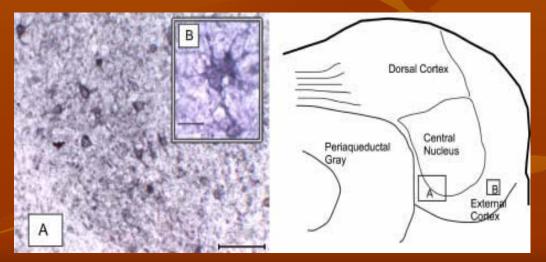
Upregulation of Serotonin Receptors with Age and Hearing Loss in the Inferior Colliculus – Auditory Midbrain

### Gene Expression



### **Protein Expression**

From: Tadros et al., Neurobiology of Aging, 2007



## Upregulation of Serotonin Receptors with Age and Hearing Loss in the Inferior Colliculus – Auditory Midbrain

-Could help compensate for declines in Serotonin with age

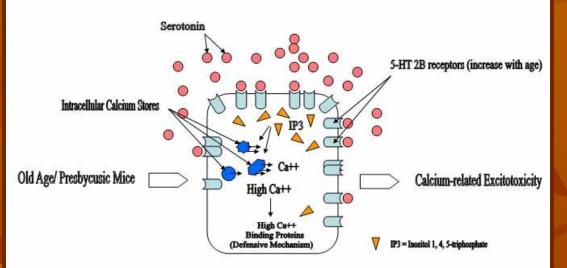
- Could result in agerelated Ca++ toxicity by increasing the intracellular concentration of IP3

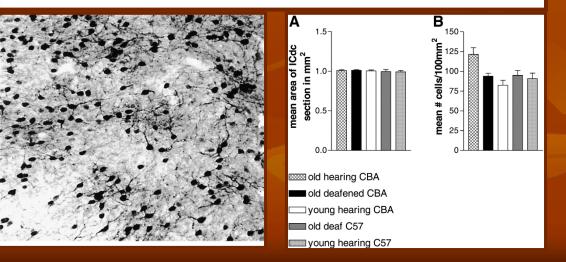
- Compensatory upregulation of calretinin

<u>From</u>: Tadros et al., *Neurobiology of Aging*, 2007

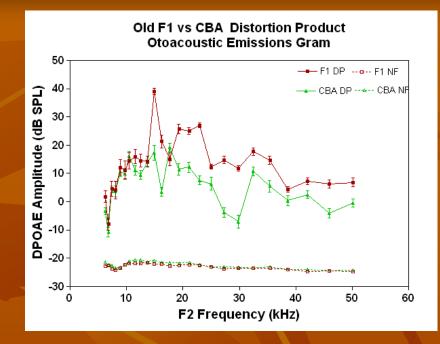
From: Zettel et al., Hearing Res. 2001

Serotonin-induced Calcium-related Excitotoxicity

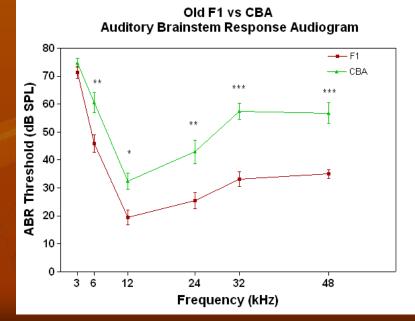


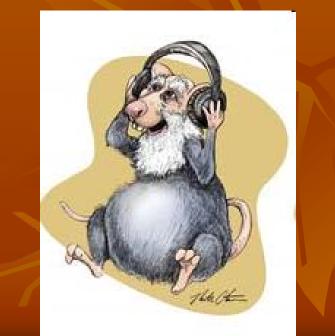


Genetically Cross the CBA and C57 Mouse Strains: Discovered a new mouse model for aged human listeners who have audiograms within the normal hearing range: mice with "Golden Ears"

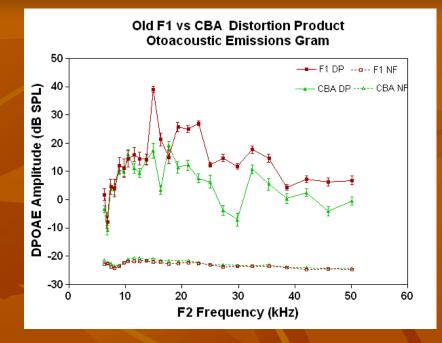


#### From: Frisina et al., Neurobiology of Aging, On Line

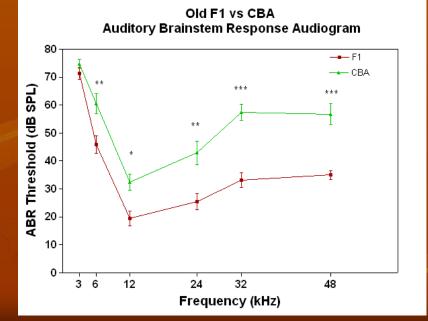




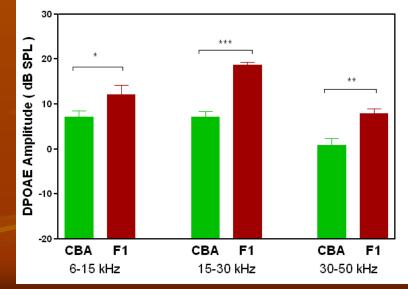
Genetically Cross the CBA and C57 Mouse Strains: Discovered a new mouse model for aged human listeners who have audiograms within the normal hearing range: mice with "Golden Ears"



#### From: Frisina et al., Neurobiology of Aging, On Line



Frequency Ranges of Mean DPOAE Amplitude for Old CBAs vs F1s





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